

WHITE PAPER

# Use Artificial Intelligence to Combat Cyberthreats

**Empower Defenders and Disarm Intruders** 



# **Executive Summary**

Just a few years ago, much of the discussion on artificial intelligence (AI) was probably more bluster than benefit. But now, the pace of AI innovation and the positive and negative impacts it can have on organizations has entered a new phase. In cybersecurity, the advent of meaningful and disruptive AI tools and their use by cybercriminals amplifies the complexity and urgency to secure organizations and their digital infrastructures from emerging AI-based cyberthreats. The good news is that cybersecurity vendors have been applying various AI technologies for years. But when it comes to a future full of bad actors using AI-based tactics, it's critical for security and IT leaders and their teams to evolve their security strategies to address these sophisticated new threats.

# Innovate to Fortify

As organizations continue to pursue digitization initiatives, their attack surfaces inevitably expand. Whether the initiative is cloud adoption, the breaking down of air gaps between information technology (IT) and operational technology (OT), the proliferation of Internet-of-Things (IoT) devices connecting to the network, or the reality of hybrid workforces, many organizations are pushing the limits of their security and IT teams' resources. And now, bad actors' use of Al tools is compounding an already challenging situation.



Recently, bad actors used deepfakes of a company CFO and other employees on a video call to successfully convince a worker to make a \$25.6 million wire transfer.1

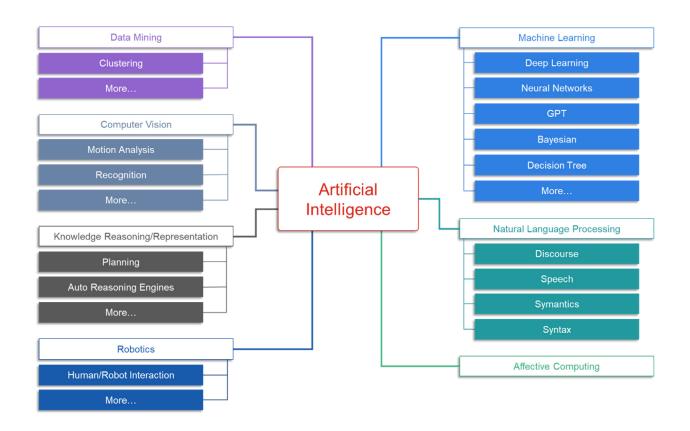


Figure 1: Artificial intelligence sub-fields or application areas

## How the Bad Guys Use Al

Bad actors have harnessed Al's power to develop and use new, more capable, and compelling threats, including zero-day threats. With Al, attacks can be launched against targets faster than ever before. In the hands of bad actors, Al is having multiple effects:

- Al technologies, such as generative pretrained transformers (GPT) are lowering the barriers to entry for new bad actors. Today, a non-English speaker anywhere in the world can create compelling email phishing and social engineering attacks with native-English syntax with the use of this technology.
- Al can be used to create new malicious code and greatly reduce, while simplifying, efforts to develop new malware.
- The use of deepfake technology by bad actors has already inflamed the political class and electorate, and has made it feasible to commit large-scale cybercrime.
- Al could be used to detect and exploit application vulnerabilities more quickly, which opens the door to increased supply chain risk for organizations around the globe.

Malicious AI tactics today cover the entire attack life cycle outlined in the MITRE ATT&CK framework. MITRE has developed a knowledge base called ATLAS (Adversarial Threat Landscape for Artificial-Intelligence Systems) detailing AI-based adversary tactics and techniques.<sup>2</sup>

# **Challenges Amplified**

The challenges posed by an ever-evolving threat landscape are exacerbated by the use of AI by bad actors, putting added pressure on already taxed IT and security teams. Securing the expanding network environment and attack surface from these new threats is more complicated than ever with challenges related to:

- Siloed visibility across their environments
- A lack of centralized and coordinated policy application and enforcement
- The use of many disparate security tools and consoles that make monitoring, alert triage, and incident investigation and response extremely time-consuming
- Ongoing difficulties in hiring and maintaining security expertise

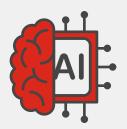
Effectively dealing with AI will require organizations to reduce complexity and friction and streamline operations.

# How the Good Guys Use Al

The convergence of AI and cybersecurity isn't just a technological upgrade. It's a much needed and increasingly urgent evolution that can help organizations elevate their defenses against emerging threats to their modern attack surfaces. Many cybersecurity vendors have been applying various AI technologies for years. For example, Fortinet has been researching and using AI technologies for more than 10 years.

#### Al-powered threat intelligence

The most significant use for AI in cybersecurity is in enhancing threat intelligence. The applied use of AI technologies is critical to data collection, analysis, correlation, and, ultimately, the formulation of that data into actionable intelligence. This type of AI-powered threat intelligence can be channeled through integrations to address a wide set of threat vectors and various types of threats, whether AI-enabled or not. How a vendor applies AI and their breadth of data sources and data matter. The more visibility a vendor has into their data, the more AI models can learn from that visibility.



Computer scientists at the University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign tested using Open-Al's Chat GPT-4 in concert with LangChain and the Playwright web browser as a malicious agent to scan websites for vulnerabilities and compromise those websites without human intervention. Amazingly, the authors cite the tool's ability to execute a 38-step process associated with a SQL Union attack.3

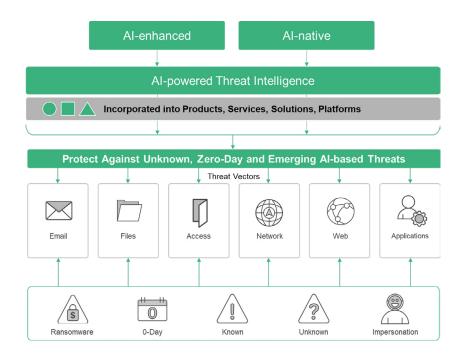


Figure 2: Al-enhanced and Al-native capabilities as part of threat intelligence formulation

Understanding the nature of the threat intelligence powering your organization's core security infrastructure is a good starting point to get more clarity into how your vendors are using Al technology. One core area may be your firewall infrastructure, a main line of defense.

Today's next-generation firewalls (NGFWs) represent a collection of capabilities beyond traditional firewalls. For example, your firewall may have built-in intrusion prevention, anti-malware protection including antivirus and sandboxing, and web security capabilities such as DNS and URL filtering. Talk to the vendor about how Al is being applied to enhance the firewall's capabilities, given the breadth of functions it has and the importance of each of those functions.

If the vendor can't provide insights on how AI is being applied, it's time to accelerate your refresh cycle and seek out vendors who are clearly using the latest technologies to enhance the efficacy of their solutions.

### Al's Ongoing Application in Cybersecurity

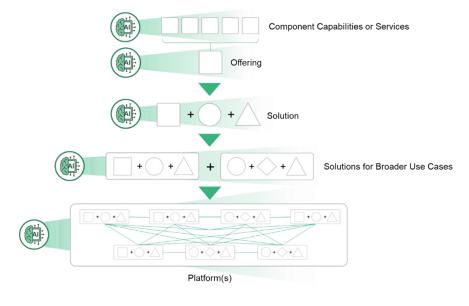


Figure 3: The application of Al and threat intelligence from component to platform



Today, Al-enhanced solutions can help improve outcomes with benefits for both vendors and customers:

- **Entry Zik!** NGFWs include security capabilities often powered by various AI models behind the scenes. Capabilities like intrusion prevention, antivirus, web security, and inline sandboxing may be using AI technologies to enhance the individual capabilities integrated into the firewall. When hybrid mesh firewalls are combined with NGFWs, organizations can realize dual benefits from AI-powered threat protection and enhancements in broader firewall visibility and centralized policy and firewall management.
- Aooközsɨŋuɨr özuŋuf.¹ Although bad actors can use Al to create malicious agents, application scanning solutions and
  penetration testers can use the same capability to find and remediate vulnerabilities in both development and production
  stages more quickly.
- Dăţonius cdădisinul Zuc qui onui di Da Ql." An EDR solution uses neural networks for pattern recognition to make sense of all of the event data being captured on an endpoint, including data on activities, processes, registry modifications, and memory accesses.
- Rdbt ds huṇd ZsṇṇḍZuć dbds Zulf dk dbs Rlpbjl" A SIEM uses supervised and unsupervised machine learning (ML) models to perform sophisticated linear regression, including support vector regression, Gaussian process regression, and decision tree regression. It also uses ML to run various clustering algorithms. This analysis helps the SIEM solution accurately identify threats and vulnerabilities while minimizing false positives. SIEM solutions also utilize GPT technology and natural language processing (NLP) to create a more informed and guided experience for security operations center personnel. Analysts can directly query the AI engine and get insights on threats and guidance on appropriate incident response actions.
- If Zf dZuzkir it Computer vision, image recognition, and neural network technology are combined for image analysis.

  Nearest-neighbor algorithms may also be used. Incoming images embedded in an email or downloaded from the internet can be scanned to determine if they present any risk or exposure. These images can include QR codes, pornographic imagery, violent and extremist imagery, or images with weapons, alcohol, or drugs.
- **Œiǐppix Zṣṇṇṇṣdǐz ṣṇṃ '** OpenAl's Chat GPT4 can be used to advance penetration testing, and online videos show how to use Chat GPT4's large language model to write Python and Bash scripts within minutes for use in penetration testing.

The potential of Al doesn't stop with the formulation and application of Al-powered threat intelligence. For example, at Fortinet, Al technologies are being used to enhance the Fortinet Security Fabric platform to make it even more proactive, unified, and intelligent.

# **Al-native cybersecurity**

The emergence of cybersecurity solutions that use Al capabilities as a starting point is often referred to as Al-native cybersecurity. Although there is no industry-standard definition for the term, Al-native cybersecurity tools do things at machine speed. For example, when analyzing potential threats, rendering a verdict and taking the prescribed actions occur at machine speed. Performing actions more quickly has positive advantages both from a cybersecurity and business standpoint. Al-native cybersecurity tools generally share the following characteristics:

- Utilize purpose-built Al models
- Embed Al at their core or as a foundation
- Are continuously learning and adapting to new threats
- Perform actions at machine speed

#### **Use Cases and Recommendations**

Security and IT teams outside of the cybersecurity industry need to understand that cybersecurity vendors are applying Al and, more specifically, the type of Al that is being applied, how it is being applied, and most importantly, how that Al benefits the organization directly.

Figure 4 represents the ways cybersecurity vendors might apply AI technologies in their solutions, supporting processes, and the various benefits. You can use the list in Figure 4 as a guide as you ask vendors questions about what their AI does to enhance their customers' security posture, particularly against AI-based threats.



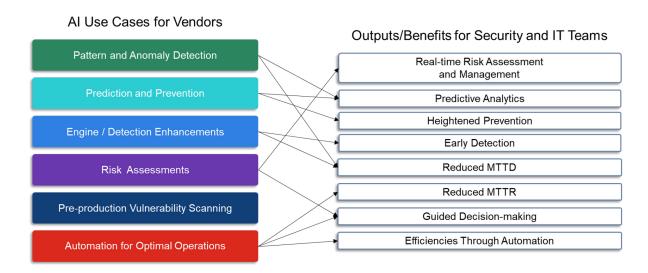


Figure 4: Drivers for the vendor use of Al and resulting customer benefits

As you move toward incorporating Al into your security strategies, consider the following recommendations.

#### Make Al a priority

Put Al on your team's radar. Assess your team's current awareness of Al technologies and principles. Establish the adoption of Al as a strategic objective across major areas of your security and IT infrastructure and prioritize those areas for review. Because vendors may use Al to some degree in their solutions, establish a questionnaire and process for evaluating vendors based on the merits of their Al know-how and integration.

#### **Get educated**

IT and security leaders should take steps to educate themselves and their teams on AI and how it can be used to improve their efforts and the solutions they purchase. This education will also be important to better understand when your organization is actively experimenting or deploying AI technologies for its purposes. Teams will be better prepared to ask the right questions regarding these use cases. Many online resources exist that provide some level of free education about AI. Once leaders and teams are somewhat educated, it may be worthwhile to consider paid online training content or even attending training by a reputable cybersecurity organization like SANS.

#### Stay informed

Stay on top of new AI developments in cybersecurity. Innovation is happening quickly, so it's easy to fall behind.

#### **Review your security infrastructure**

Assess how you can use AI technology in your security infrastructure. To start, consider reviewing how your organization benefits from AI technologies for your core or main lines of defense. Then, move into other controls that you have. In many respects, the progression of this review can follow existing risk prioritizations for your overall environment (where reviews are prioritized for the greatest areas of risk).

#### **Ask questions**

Ask the cybersecurity vendors you work with how they are using Al. Understand the technologies they are applying, how they are being applied, and most importantly, the benefits Al provides for customers. Here are a few questions to start with:

- What visibility into threats and related data sources does your organization use for the formulation of the threat intelligence that powers your product, service, and solutions?
- How is Al used in the formulation of that threat intelligence?
- What is your organization's experience concerning use of AI technologies in your products, services, and solutions?



- Can you tell me what specific Al technology or technologies are being applied to this product, service, or solution, and how they are being applied?
- Can you tell me what data sources the product, service, or solution uses to feed any Al technologies?
- How do you train and retrain your Al model or models?
- Are we able to engage with the Al directly in any capacity?
- Can you tell me how your application of Al works to:
  - Reduce risk
  - Heighten prevention
  - Reduce mean time to detect
  - Reduce false positives
  - Help with alert triage and incident investigation
  - Reduce mean time to remediate
  - Help security operations analysts in their day-to-day roles

#### Add Al to vendor criteria

Make Al usage part of your request for proposal documents. Use the questions above and others to clarify Al usage across cybersecurity vendors. Not only will this help clarify how a given vendor is using Al technologies on behalf of customers, but it will also allow you to compare responses to help you determine if a vendor's application of Al offers real advantages to your organization.

#### Conclusion

Security and IT leaders and practitioners must become more familiar with the various technologies that fall under the Al moniker. It's important to be proactive in understanding Al and embracing its potential in cybersecurity. Many security solutions will come from vendors that are using Al, so you should work to understand the various applications and use cases before including any Al-enabled tools broadly in your organization. Be sure to ask vendors specific questions on how they are leveraging Al in their solutions before making purchasing decisions. Understanding how solutions incorporate Al across security and IT operations can help you tackle today's sophisticated Al-based threats.

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for our product innovation, and clients rely on our best-in-class management portal. Businesses trust Windstream Enterprise
as their single-source for a high-performance network and award-winning suite of connectivity, collaboration, and security
solutions— delivered by a team of technology experts whose success is directly tied to our clients' complete satisfaction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Richard Fang, et al, "LLM Agents can Autonomously Hack Websites," February 6, 2024.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Heather Chen and Kathleen Magramo, Finance worker pays out \$25 million after video call with deepfake 'chief financial officer,' CNN, February 4, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MITRE ATLAS Adversarial Threat Landscape for Artificial-Intelligence Systems.